

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: NI028090
CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 107044

Law Centre (N.I.)
Company Limited by Guarantee
Financial Statements
31 March 2025

Finegan Gibson Ltd
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
Causeway Tower
9 James Street South
Belfast
BT2 8DN

Law Centre (N.I.)
Company Limited by Guarantee
Financial Statements
Year ended 31 March 2025

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Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report)

Year ended 31 March 2025

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name	Law Centre (N.I.)
Charity registration number	107044
Company registration number	NI028090
Principal office and registered office	State Buildings 2 Arthur Place 3rd Floor Belfast BT1 4HG

The trustees

M Anyadike-Danes	
C McCauley	(Appointed 15 October 2025)
T Evans	
E McGuinness	
P Quirk	
P Colton	
J Donaghy	
M Greene	
L Hanna	(Resigned 20 August 2025)
M McGuigan	(Resigned 28 February 2025)

Auditor	Finegan Gibson Ltd Chartered accountants & statutory auditor Causeway Tower 9 James Street South Belfast BT2 8DN
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Bankers	Unity Trust Bank 9 Brindley Place Birmingham B1 2HB
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Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Structure, governance and management

Key management personnel

CEO	Eddie Lynch (Appointed Jan 2025)
CEO	Ursula O'Hare (Resigned Jan 2025)
Director of Legal Services	Samantha Park (Resigned Dec 2024)
Director of Innovation & Engagement	Sarah Corrigan
Head of Finance & Business Services	Julie Wilkinson
Head of Migration Justice	Elizabeth Griffith (Jan 2025)
Head of Social Security	Owen McCloskey (Jan 2025)

Governing document

Law Centre NI is a company limited by guarantee and is governed by its Articles and Memorandum of Association dated June 1994. These are currently under review and will be endorsed at the AGM in January 2026. The Centre is a registered Charity with HMRC and the Northern Ireland Charity Commission.

Appointment of trustees

The Management Committee (Board), who acts as the directors of the company, are elected by the Law Centre members and members may also be co-opted to ensure the Board benefits from a diverse range of relevant skills and experience. At 31st March 2025 the Board had 8 members.

Trustee induction and training

Training and support to the Board is organised, as required. A register of interests is also maintained.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

Pay for the senior staff team is set by the Board in line with NJC scales.

Organisation structure and how the charity makes decisions

The Board meets at least 7 times per year to set the strategy for the organisation and to receive reports on the operational activity of the charity including financial reports. An Executive Working Group supports the Board in exercising its duties to ensure good governance. Trustees give of their time freely and no trustee received remuneration in the year. A Chief Executive Officer is appointed to manage the day-to-day business of the charity and reports to the Board.

Relationships with related parties

No trustee has benefited from their relationship with Law Centre NI.

Law Centre (NI) is a member of the Law Centre Network, a UK wide body of law centres.

Risk Management

The trustees maintain a risk register which examines the major risks that the organisation faces in its operations. There is a system to monitor and control these risks to mitigate any impact that they could have on the organisation. Recruitment and retention remains the biggest risk to the organisation and is exacerbated by uncompetitive salary levels, particularly for specialist legal posts. There has also been a significant turnover in the senior management team in the past year with the CEO, a Director and Head of Section all leaving around the same time. An interim management structure has been put in place to support this transition with a wider management review planned for 2025.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Objectives and activities

The core objectives of Law Centre NI are:

(1) the relief of persons in necessitous circumstances resident or working in Northern Ireland by providing such persons with legal services or advice upon terms appropriate to their means;

(2) to advance the education of persons resident or working in Northern Ireland.

These objectives are primarily promoted through the delivery of a free and independent regional legal advice and assistance service to members of the public and on referral from advisers as well as legal representation in key areas of social welfare law: social security, employment law, asylum, immigration and trafficking law.

Other key objectives include:

- To progress complex and or strategic cases which make a wider strategic difference to those living in Northern Ireland;
- To influence and develop law, policy and practice in our areas of legal practice to achieve legal and policy outcomes across communities and to help change lives;
- To increase public awareness and understanding of law through accessible public legal information
- To promote excellence in the NI advice sector by supporting the sector with legal updates through training, adviser network convenings and quality assurance;
- To support advisers to deliver generalist advice services by providing practitioner information resources tailored to their work;
- To develop the social justice lawyers of the future, by providing clinical legal practice opportunities for students, legal advice apprenticeships and volunteers;
- To increase the public awareness of the organisation and the work we do so that people are aware of the Law Centre services as the regional law centre in NI.

Strategic report

The following sections for achievements and performance and financial review form the strategic report of the charity.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Achievements and performance

The Law Centre has experienced a period of significant change in the last year. In January 2025, we welcomed Eddie Lynch as CEO, following the resignation of Ursula O'Hare. The Board and staff of the Law Centre would like to acknowledge and thank Ursula for the sterling contribution she made during her 18 year tenure with the organisation and most notably acknowledge the leadership and stewardship she brought over the last 8 years as CEO. At the end of January 2025, we also relocated to new premises in Belfast City Centre. The relocation provides a long term stability to the organisation and supports the ongoing growth and needs of the organisation for the future.

The organisation has continued to offer high quality legal advice, advocacy and support to both members of the public and the front line advice sector over this period.

Some of the key achievements this year were:

1. Assisted 3,689 people in respect of their legal needs, which included providing representation and casework assistance in 1,163 instances.
2. Provided 17,904 pieces of advice to people living in Northern Ireland in respect of their legal entitlements.
3. Secured financial outcomes in excess of £1.9 million for our clients.
4. Delivered a programme of professional learning across all areas of our work that contributed to increasing the capacity of the independent advice sector and the wider voluntary and community sector. In total we provided training to 589 people.
5. Operated an advice line service which had over 10,000 enquiries from 5,569 people
6. We produced and hosted a range of accessible legal resources and information guides on our website covering all areas of our work.
7. We have seen increased engagement on our website with a total of 41,000 active users during this period.
8. We provided student placement opportunities to 18 final year Law Students from Queens University Belfast as part of the School of Law, Clinical Law Programme.
9. As the convener of the Cliff Edge Coalition we worked to protect and extend welfare reform mitigations across NI.
10. Through our legal and policy work, progressed changes in relation to Discretionary Support, Welfare Supplementary Payments and Bereavement Support and secured a commitment from Department for Communities to review 2700 cases for potential errors disadvantaging social security claimants.
11. Conducted public interest litigation on social security matters at the Tribunal, Commissioner, High Court and Court of Appeal.
12. Grown the membership of Refugee & Asylum Forum to more than 100 organisations.
13. Published two research reports with policy recommendations to address homophobic abuse in

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

asylum accommodation and to ensure that migrant survivors of domestic abuse have access to free healthcare.

14. Developed a programme of activities to support staff well being

Full details on all the work achieved by the Law Centre for the period 2024/25 is published in our Annual Impact Review.

Financial review

The Law Centre is funded through departmental agencies and a number of philanthropic funders. For this financial period departmental support accounts for 60% of total income and is funded through the Department for Communities, Department for Economy and The Executive Office.

Philanthropic funders account for 33% and includes support from The Oak Foundation, The Legal Education Foundation, AB Charitable Foundation, the Justice Together Initiative, Comic Relief and National Lottery.

Self-generated income accounts for 7% of our income and is achieved through the delivery of services including training, membership and legal services.

A detailed view of the financial statements for the reporting period are set out across pages 14 - 16.

In summary, we are reporting a net surplus of £218,214 with a fund balance of £830,126 at 31st March 2025 (2024: £611,912). After transfers made in year the composite of this balance is unrestricted £511,846, restricted £240,517 and designated funds £77,763.

Funds generated from training continue to be ring-fenced in a designated fund to be used solely for the furtherance and development of training. This is in accordance with the requirements of current VAT legislation, to ensure that future training income continues to be exempt for VAT purposes. The total designated fund for training purposes is £64,707.

Reserves Policy and going concern

The Trustees recognise the need to ensure an appropriate level of reserves to safeguard the charity against any time lapse in funding and any further reduction to resources. The current policy aims to achieve a reserves target that represents at least 3 months operating costs. At the reporting date the 'free reserves' balance (unrestricted reserves less designated reserves less fixed assets) is £480,872, this represents 3.55 months operating costs. The reserves policy is kept under review and is reviewed annually.

The Trustees have considered going concern in the preparation of these statements and identify no concerns.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Plans for future periods

Over the course of the past year we have continued to progress and develop our work across our three main areas of social security, immigration and employment rights. This includes the provision of strategic legal advice and representation, as well as continuing to remain active in promoting individual rights through effectively challenging and advocating for change on government policy, to benefit the wider society. We are also in the process of reviewing our organisational structure to ensure we will effectively deliver against our strategic plan priorities in the coming years.

Our Migration Justice Project commenced a new piece of research into the development needs of the community and voluntary sector in relation to providing advice and support to asylum seekers in the Belfast City Council area.

Our immigration work continues to be in great demand, and it is being conducted in a sometimes difficult and uncertain political and societal environment. The issue of migration is now one of the top political debates across the UK and we expect our work in the future to involve significant input into any proposed policy or legal changes that may impact this client group.

Following a training needs survey conducted with our membership, we are also carrying out a review of our training output to ensure it matches the needs and expectations of the advice sector. This also forms part of our response to the Department for Communities consultation on the future of the independent advice and debt sector in Northern Ireland.

We are also looking at how we can adopt to the fast changing technological advancements that are taking place, and in particular how AI can be utilised effectively in our work going forward.

There continues to be huge demand for our support in relation to social security matters, with the Government's Green Paper and subsequent changes meaning that there is an increased need for advice, support and information to the advice sector across Northern Ireland.

Our Employment Rights team continues to provide advice and support to clients who may be at risk of exploitation at work. We focus our work on the rights of agency, casual and migrant workers and are also involved in identifying cases of people trafficking or forced labour in certain industries. We continue to monitor the progress of the 'Good Jobs' Employment Rights Bill which is working its way through the legislative process in the NI Assembly.

We will continue to convene both the Refugee and Asylum Forum and the Cliff Edge Coalition to ensure that many vulnerable citizens have their rights protected and are supported across a range of challenging areas. We also continue to run our Clinical Law Programme with final year Law students at Queen's University Belfast, which is a strategic project aimed at increasing the number of lawyers to practice in the social justice arena in the future.

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information.

The trustees' annual report and the strategic report were approved on 19 November 2025 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

J Donaghy
Trustee



Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.)

Year ended 31 March 2025

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Law Centre (N.I.) (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standard for Auditors', in the circumstances set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the remuneration policies, key drivers for directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- results of our enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
 - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether management were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether management have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
 - the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team including significant component audit teams and relevant internal specialists, including tax and valuations specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks in operation, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included ongoing compliance with the UK Companies Act and tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental for their ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Law Centre (N.I.) *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement (set out on page 6), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standard for Auditors', in the circumstances set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Paul Dolan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
Finegan Gibson Ltd
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
Causeway Tower
9 James Street South
Belfast
BT2 8DN

19 November 2025

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account)

Year ended 31 March 2025

		Unrestricted funds £	2025 Restricted funds £	Total funds £	2024 Total funds £
	Note				
Income and endowments					
Donations and legacies	5	1,022	–	1,022	1,203
Charitable activities	6	126,746	1,324,103	1,450,849	1,053,153
Other trading activities	7	74,022	21,347	95,369	98,510
Investment income	8	5,504	–	5,504	4,082
Other income	9	5,004	–	5,004	455
Total income		<u>212,298</u>	<u>1,345,450</u>	<u>1,557,748</u>	<u>1,157,403</u>
Expenditure					
Expenditure on charitable activities	10,11	133,933	1,204,360	1,338,293	1,124,847
Other expenditure	12	1,241	–	1,241	–
Total expenditure		<u>135,174</u>	<u>1,204,360</u>	<u>1,339,534</u>	<u>1,124,847</u>
Net income		<u>77,124</u>	<u>141,090</u>	<u>218,214</u>	<u>32,556</u>
Transfers between funds		83,288	(83,288)	–	–
Net movement in funds		<u>160,412</u>	<u>57,802</u>	<u>218,214</u>	<u>32,556</u>
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		429,197	182,715	611,912	579,356
Total funds carried forward		<u>589,609</u>	<u>240,517</u>	<u>830,126</u>	<u>611,912</u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 17 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

Law Centre (N.I.)


Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	18	30,974	24,848
Current assets			
Debtors	19	398,002	395,331
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>556,774</u>	<u>283,983</u>
		954,776	679,314
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	20	<u>155,624</u>	<u>92,250</u>
Net current assets		799,152	587,064
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>830,126</u>	<u>611,912</u>
Net assets		<u>830,126</u>	<u>611,912</u>
Funds of the charity			
Restricted funds		240,517	182,715
Unrestricted funds		<u>589,609</u>	<u>429,197</u>
Total charity funds	23	<u>830,126</u>	<u>611,912</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 19 November 2025, and are signed on behalf of the board by:



J Donaghy
Trustee

The notes on pages 17 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

Law Centre (N.I.)
Company Limited by Guarantee
Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended 31 March 2025

	2025 £	2024 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	218,214	32,556
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7,167	10,469
Other interest receivable and similar income	(5,504)	(4,082)
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	1,241	—
Accrued income	(3,416)	(17,804)
<i>Changes in:</i>		
Trade and other debtors	(2,672)	(136,164)
Trade and other creditors	66,790	(10,258)
Cash generated from operations	281,820	(125,283)
Interest received	5,504	4,082
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	<u>287,324</u>	<u>(121,201)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible assets	(14,533)	(12,081)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(14,533)</u>	<u>(12,081)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	272,791	(133,282)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	283,983	417,265
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>556,774</u>	<u>283,983</u>

The notes on pages 17 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2025

1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Northern Ireland and a registered charity in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is State Buildings 2 Arthur Place, 3rd Floor, Belfast, BT1 4HG.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case it may be regarded as restricted.

Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Tangible assets *(continued)*

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Equipment	-	25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	-	10% straight line
Office Equipment	-	20% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Financial instruments *(continued)*

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as an expense in the period in which it arises.

4. Limited by guarantee

Law Centre (NI) is a private charitable company limited by guarantee incorporated in Northern Ireland. The registered office is State Buildings 2 Arthur Place, 3rd Floor, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT1 4HG.

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

5. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Donations				
Donations	<u>1,022</u>	<u>1,022</u>	<u>1,203</u>	<u>1,203</u>

6. Charitable activities

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Department for Communities	27,028	488,840	515,868
Department for the Economy	–	158,260	158,260
The Legal Education Foundation	52,063	54,981	107,044
The Oak Foundation	7,655	168,350	176,005
The Executive Office	–	278,302	278,302
Comic Relief Grant	15,000	33,335	48,335
AB Charitable Trust	25,000	–	25,000
Justice Together	–	66,670	66,670
National Lottery Community Fund	–	75,365	75,365
	<u>126,746</u>	<u>1,324,103</u>	<u>1,450,849</u>

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Department for Communities	–	529,356	529,356
Department for the Economy	–	176,404	176,404
The Legal Education Foundation	–	36,872	36,872
The Oak Foundation	–	121,508	121,508
The Executive Office	–	115,680	115,680
Comic Relief Grant	–	–	–
AB Charitable Trust	–	–	–
Justice Together	–	73,333	73,333
National Lottery Community Fund	–	–	–
	<u>–</u>	<u>1,053,153</u>	<u>1,053,153</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

7. Other trading activities

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Fees from associate members	3,643	–	3,643
Fees from full members	2,281	–	2,281
Training fees	54,340	–	54,340
Legal costs received	13,758	–	13,758
Belfast City Council	–	–	–
Legal Support Project	–	21,347	21,347
	<u>74,022</u>	<u>21,347</u>	<u>95,369</u>

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Fees from associate members	3,663	–	3,663
Fees from full members	2,294	–	2,294
Training fees	45,975	–	45,975
Legal costs received	19,050	–	19,050
Belfast City Council	–	6,000	6,000
Legal Support Project	–	21,528	21,528
	<u>70,982</u>	<u>27,528</u>	<u>98,510</u>

8. Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Bank interest receivable	<u>5,504</u>	<u>5,504</u>	<u>4,082</u>	<u>4,082</u>

9. Other income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Other Income	<u>5,004</u>	<u>5,004</u>	<u>455</u>	<u>455</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

10. Expenditure on charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Costs in furtherance of charitable activities	128,301	1,204,360	1,332,661
Support costs	5,632	–	5,632
	<u>133,933</u>	<u>1,204,360</u>	<u>1,338,293</u>

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Costs in furtherance of charitable activities	102,932	1,017,144	1,120,076
Support costs	–	4,771	4,771
	<u>102,932</u>	<u>1,021,915</u>	<u>1,124,847</u>

11. Expenditure on charitable activities by activity type

	Activities undertaken directly £	Support costs £	Total funds 2025 £	Total fund 2024 £
Costs in furtherance of charitable activities	1,332,661	–	1,332,661	1,120,076
Governance costs	–	5,632	5,632	4,771
	<u>1,332,661</u>	<u>5,632</u>	<u>1,338,293</u>	<u>1,124,847</u>

12. Other expenditure

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets held for charity's own use	1,241	1,241	–	–

13. Taxation

The Company is a registered charity, and as such is entitled to tax exemptions on income and profits in furtherance of the charity's primary objectives.

14. Net income

Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025 £	2024 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7,167	10,469
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	<u>1,241</u>	<u>–</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

15. Auditors remuneration

	2025	2024
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	<u>5,211</u>	<u>4,366</u>

16. Staff costs

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	2025	2024
	£	£
Wages and salaries	824,539	758,887
Social security costs	76,490	70,996
Employer contributions to pension plans	51,437	48,476
Other employee benefits	<u>5,000</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>957,466</u>	<u>878,359</u>

The average head count of employees during the year was 25 (2024: 28).

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2024: Nil).

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel include all persons that have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the charity. The total compensation paid to key management personnel for services provided to the charity was £329,447 (2024:£206,290).

17. Trustee remuneration and expenses

The Charity trustees were not paid or received any other benefits from employment with the Charity in the year (2024: £Nil). There was no expenses reimbursed to Trustees during the year (2024: £Nil).

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

18. Tangible fixed assets

	Computer Equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	Office Equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2024	59,596	50,030	6,595	116,221
Additions	7,752	4,642	2,139	14,533
Disposals	(12,733)	(10,291)	(981)	(24,005)
At 31 March 2025	<u>54,615</u>	<u>44,381</u>	<u>7,753</u>	<u>106,749</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2024	45,847	43,885	1,641	91,373
Charge for the year	4,343	2,148	676	7,167
Disposals	(12,363)	(9,600)	(802)	(22,765)
At 31 March 2025	<u>37,827</u>	<u>36,433</u>	<u>1,515</u>	<u>75,775</u>
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2025	<u>16,788</u>	<u>7,948</u>	<u>6,238</u>	<u>30,974</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>13,749</u>	<u>6,145</u>	<u>4,954</u>	<u>24,848</u>

19. Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Trade debtors	18,594	109,564
Prepayments and accrued income	29,528	37,913
Other debtors	349,880	247,854
	<u>398,002</u>	<u>395,331</u>

20. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Trade creditors	43,611	36,484
Accruals and deferred income	12,282	16,696
Social security and other taxes	17,589	20,066
Other creditors	82,142	19,004
	<u>155,624</u>	<u>92,250</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

21. Deferred income

	2025	2024
	£	£
At 1 April 2024	3,488	3,595
Amount released to income	(3,488)	(2,545)
Amount deferred in year	<u>2,490</u>	<u>2,438</u>
At 31 March 2025	<u>2,490</u>	<u>3,488</u>

22. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in income or expenditure as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £51,437 (2024: £48,476).

23. Analysis of charitable funds

Unrestricted funds

	At 1 April 2024	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	At 31 March 2025
General funds	356,296	157,958	(85,926)	83,518	511,846
Designated Fund - Capital assets	—	—	—	—	—
Designated - Training	52,164	54,340	(41,567)	(230)	64,707
Designated - Atlantic Philanthropies	<u>20,737</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,681)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>13,056</u>
	<u>429,197</u>	<u>212,298</u>	<u>(135,174)</u>	<u>83,288</u>	<u>589,609</u>

	At 1 April 2023	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	At 31 March 2024
General funds	328,502	31,397	(47,243)	43,640	356,296
Designated Fund - Capital assets	5,074	—	(5,074)	—	—
Designated - Training	56,442	45,325	(40,553)	(9,050)	52,164
Designated - Atlantic Philanthropies	<u>30,799</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(10,062)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>20,737</u>
	<u>420,817</u>	<u>76,722</u>	<u>(102,932)</u>	<u>34,590</u>	<u>429,197</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

23. Analysis of charitable funds *(continued)*

Restricted funds

	At 1 April 2024	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	At 31 March 2025
	£	£	£	£	£
Department for the Economy	144	158,260	(155,353)	(1,933)	1,118
Strategic Litigation	54,182	–	–	(54,182)	–
Department for Communities - RISP	–	370,781	(370,781)	–	–
Department for Communities - WRSP	–	118,059	(118,059)	–	–
Queens University Belfast	7,817	21,347	(19,219)	(5,303)	4,642
Department for Communities - SVPR	–	–	–	–	–
The Legal Education Foundation - Law & Policy	11,974	–	–	(11,974)	–
The Oak Foundation	21,447	168,350	(96,655)	(8,225)	84,917
Community Justice Fund	–	–	–	–	–
The Legal Education Foundation	11,602	54,981	(57,755)	–	8,828
Belfast City Council	12,073	–	(118)	–	11,955
The Executive Office - MEDF	–	53,656	(53,726)	–	(70)
The Executive Office	–	224,646	(223,866)	(130)	650
Justice Together	63,476	66,670	(80,762)	(130)	49,254
TEO Immigration	–	–	–	–	–
Comic Relief	–	33,335	(8,159)	(1,411)	23,765
National Lottery	–	75,365	(19,907)	–	55,458
	<u>182,715</u>	<u>1,345,450</u>	<u>(1,204,360)</u>	<u>(83,288)</u>	<u>240,517</u>

	At 1 April 2023	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	At 31 March 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
Department for the Economy	162	176,404	(174,792)	(1,630)	144
Strategic Litigation	54,182	–	–	–	54,182
Department for Communities - RISP	–	373,084	(370,857)	(2,227)	–
Department for Communities - WRSP	–	127,545	(127,526)	(19)	–
Queens University Belfast	–	21,528	(7,517)	(6,194)	7,817
Department for Communities - SVPR	168	28,727	(28,727)	(168)	–

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

23. Analysis of charitable funds *(continued)*

The Legal Education Foundation - Law & Policy	11,974	–	–	–	11,974
The Oak Foundation	27,575	121,508	(123,646)	(3,990)	21,447
Community Justice Fund	1,103	–	(1,103)	–	–
The Legal Education Foundation	5,401	36,872	(29,868)	(803)	11,602
Belfast City Council	7,843	6,000	(1,770)	–	12,073
The Executive Office - MEDF	–	40,552	(40,667)	115	–
The Executive Office	593	60,000	(52,289)	(8,304)	–
Justice Together	49,538	73,333	(51,358)	(8,037)	63,476
TEO Immigration	–	15,128	(11,795)	(3,333)	–
Comic Relief	–	–	–	–	–
National Lottery	–	–	–	–	–
	<u>158,539</u>	<u>1,080,681</u>	<u>(1,021,915)</u>	<u>(34,590)</u>	<u>182,715</u>

Law Centre NI are in partnership with The British Red Cross for the delivery of Immigration Advice Services in Northern Ireland, funded by The Executive Office. Income for this project was £224k, of which £62k relates to Red Cross. Transfers between Restricted and Unrestricted Funds represent management charges reallocated from Restricted Funds to Unrestricted Funds, together with the proportionate share of overhead and administrative costs incurred in delivering activities funded by restricted income.

24. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds
	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	30,974	–	30,974
Current assets	571,448	383,328	954,776
Creditors less than 1 year	(75,334)	(80,290)	(155,624)
Net assets	<u>527,088</u>	<u>303,038</u>	<u>830,126</u>
	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds
	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	24,848	–	24,848
Current assets	483,271	196,043	679,314
Creditors less than 1 year	(78,922)	(13,328)	(92,250)
Net assets	<u>429,197</u>	<u>182,715</u>	<u>611,912</u>

Law Centre (N.I.)

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

25. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 Apr 2024	Cash flows	At 31 Mar 2025
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	283,983	272,791	556,774

26. Contingencies

A contingent liability exists to repay grants and Trust monies received should certain conditions not be fulfilled by the charity. In the opinion of the Trustees, the terms of the Letters of Offers have been, or will be, complied with and no liability is expected.

27. Ethical standards

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements.