

# Aghaloo & Blackwater Community Association Ltd

## Company Limited by Guarantee

### Statement of Financial Activities

(including income and expenditure account)

Year ended 31 December 2024

		2024		2023
		Unrestricted funds	Total funds	Total funds
	Note	£	£	£
<b>Income and endowments</b>				
Donations and legacies	5	750	750	3,500
Other trading activities	6	17,303	17,303	18,964
<b>Total income</b>		18,053	18,053	22,464
<b>Expenditure</b>				
Expenditure on charitable activities	7	33,112	33,112	24,807
<b>Total expenditure</b>		33,112	33,112	24,807
<b>Net expenditure and net movement in funds</b>		( 15,059)	( 15,059)	( 2,343)
<b>Reconciliation of funds</b>				
Total funds brought forward		192,829	192,829	195,172
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		177,770	177,770	192,829

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.  
All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

# Aghaloo & Blackwater Community Association Ltd

## Company Limited by Guarantee

### Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2024

	Note	2024 £	£	2023 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>				
Tangible fixed assets	11		145,349	156,628
<b>Current assets</b>				
Cash at bank and in hand		33,381		37,161
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	960		960
<b>Net current assets</b>			32,421	36,201
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			177,770	192,829
<b>Funds of the charity</b>				
Unrestricted funds			177,770	192,829
<b>Total charity funds</b>	14		177,770	192,829

For the year ending 31 December 2024 the charity was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 28 November 2025 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

John Ward (Chairperson)

Kathleen McCaughey (Treasurer)

Trustee

Trustee

# **Aghaloo & Blackwater Community Association Ltd**

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### **Year ended 31 December 2024**

##### **1. General information**

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Northern Ireland and a registered charity in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is 70 Moore Street, Aghnacloy, Co Tyrone, BT69 6AY.

##### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

##### **3. Accounting policies**

###### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

###### **Going concern**

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

###### **Disclosure exemptions**

The Charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS 102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cashflows.

###### **Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### **Fund accounting**

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes. Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment. Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

### **Incoming resources**

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income: - income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably. - legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established. - income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers. - income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case it may be regarded as restricted.

### **Resources expended**

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates: - expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods. - expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities. - other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

## **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property	-	4% straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	25% reducing balance

## **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

## **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs. Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 4. Limited by guarantee

Aghaloo & Blackwater Community Association Ltd is a company limited by guarantee and accordingly does not have a share capital. Every member of the company undertakes to contribute such an amount as may be required not exceeding £1 to the assets of the charitable company in the event of its being wound up whilst he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member.

#### 5. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £
<b>Grants</b>				
Grants	750	750	3,500	3,500
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#### 6. Other trading activities

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £
Other voluntary income activity	17,303	17,303	18,964	18,964
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#### 7. Expenditure on charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £
Support costs	33,112	33,112	24,807	24,807
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#### 8. Net expenditure

Net expenditure is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2024 £	2023 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	11,821	11,999
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## 9. Independent examination fees

	2024	2023
	£	£
Fees payable to the independent examiner for:		
Independent examination of the financial statements	960	960
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## 10. Trustee remuneration and expenses

No remuneration was received by the trustees.

## 11. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 January 2024	268,566	16,103	284,669
Additions	—	542	542
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<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	268,566	16,645	285,211
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<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 January 2024	115,708	12,333	128,041
Charge for the year	10,743	1,078	11,821
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<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	126,451	13,411	139,862
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<b>Carrying amount</b>			
<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	142,115	3,234	145,349
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At 31 December 2023	152,858	3,770	156,628
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## 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Other creditors	960	960
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## 13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Long term grant - Parish Consolidation Fund

## 14. Analysis of charitable funds

### Unrestricted funds

	At 1 January 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 December 2024 £
General funds	192,829	18,053	(33,112)	177,770
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	At 1 January 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 December 2023 £
General funds	195,172	22,464	(24,807)	192,829
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## 15. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2024
	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	145,349	145,349
Current assets	33,381	33,381
Creditors less than 1 year	(960)	(960)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>177,770</b>	<b>177,770</b>

  

	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2023
	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	156,628	156,628
Current assets	37,161	37,161
Creditors less than 1 year	(960)	(960)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>192,829</b>	<b>192,829</b>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.