Charity registration number 1206194 (England and Wales)

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	MA McCaughey CH E Meyer JE Jones
Charity number (England and Wales)	1206194
Registered office	Border House Border Lane Fordham Downham Market Norfolk PE38 0LW
Independent examiner	Whitings LLP Norfolk House Hamlin Way Hardwick Narrows Industrial Estate King's Lynn Norfolk PE30 4NG

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

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MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

TRUSTEES REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)".

Objectives and activities

The objects of the CIO are prevention or relief of poverty in Muhoroni, Kenya for the public benefit by providing funding for education for healthcare, essential items and clothing including training and financial assistance to enable individuals to generate a sustainable income and be self-sufficient.

Public benefit

The trustees have considered the guidance on public benefit issued by the Charity Commission, and they consider that Muhoroni People Foundation is fulfilling its obligations in this respect by achieving the above objectives.

Achievements and performance

Significant activities and achievements against objectives

Education sponsorship and student support

As at August 2025, MPF supported 94 students in Muhoroni: 36 at primary school, 40 at secondary school (including 27 boarders) and 18 at university or vocational college. This was approximately twice the number supported at the start of 2024. The charity contributed towards school fees, uniforms and essential learning equipment. Boarding students also required bedding, toiletries, stationery and other school supplies.

At that date, 20 of the supported students did not have individual sponsors, leaving the charity to raise funds for their costs. The charity also met additional expenses and shortfalls where sponsorship did not cover increasing school fees or other necessary items. School shoes were sourced in bulk from Nairobi to reduce costs.

Evans, a former MPF-supported student and qualified teacher appointed as tutor in November 2024, continued to oversee student applications, fee payments, school and family liaison, progress monitoring, tutoring and guidance on further education. Weekly revision classes were open to local students, including those not sponsored by MPF. In 2025, more than 1,000 packs of sanitary towels had been distributed to students attending these classes.

A publishing company donated 11 reconditioned laptops and a technology supplier donated operating systems. laptops were provided to a sponsored university students. the remaining laptops are intended for distribution to incoming university and college students in 2026.

Vocational training, basket weaving and UK sales

The basket-weaving workshop continued to provide self employed work and income for approximately 30 women and their families. Basket sales at Easter, summer and Christmas markets in Norfolk, and at additional markets in north-east England, remained an important source of regular charity income alongside education sponsorships.

Production was streamlined through a reduced range of colours and patterns, standardised leather-handle lengths, sourcing leather in Nairobi, and plans for more economical plaited sisal handles for vegan baskets. The workshop also developed finer-weave placemats and coasters. Contacts made at UK markets were followed up regarding potential wholesale orders for baskets, placemats and sisal Christmas angels. MPF funded a five-month leatherworking apprenticeship in Nairobi for John, an unemployed young man from Muhoroni, including training, accommodation and living costs. Following his return, he began cutting, stitching and fitting leather handles to baskets and earning an income to support his family. He repaid an interest-free loan from MPF used to build a traditional home. His skills are expected to improve the speed and cost of basket finishing. A leather sewing machine purchased in the UK proved unsuitable for consistent production because of needle breakages and difficulties sourcing replacements; a more robust machine remains a requirement.

The workshop also supplied baskets to a customer connected with the International School in Gilgil, who operates an online business exporting to Sweden. The workshop supervisor managed the customer liaison and delivered the order directly, an important step towards greater local responsibility and independence.

Sewing training and small enterprises

The sewing training facility established in 2024 was expanded with three additional machines and two new trainees. Sheila, a promising trainee, was subsequently sponsored to study tailoring at a local college. The sewing team produced embroidered prayer book covers and fabric rosary pouches for UK church customers, beach blankets, table linen and other sewn goods. A first batch of 50 locally made aprons attracted advance orders and sold out.

Other activities included the ongoing hire of donated wedding dresses and the production of traditional burial dresses by seamstress Maureen. Trials of African-print pyjamas identified further design and fabric-sourcing work needed before the product could be sold in the UK.

Orders included beaded rosaries, pouches, embroidered prayer book covers and Christmas decorations. Rosaries were made by Mark, a resident of the assisted living project, and by basket-weaving women, providing additional earnings. Beads and findings were sourced in Nairobi and sewing materials locally.

Assisted living, housing and welfare

The assisted living project continued to provide accommodation and mutual support for vulnerable residents. Mark, a young amputee, contributed to daily household tasks and earned income from rosary-making, while other residents helped with shopping and carrying water. Pamela, the house mother and a qualified foster parent, cared for two orphaned girls pending their move to boarding school, with arrangements for them to return during school holidays. She also hosted five orphaned siblings over Christmas following the loss of their family home and possessions.

MPF supported Evelyn, one of its basket weavers, in developing a small hot-food business. An arrangement was made for her to provide 100 school lunches at Township School, attended by eight MPF-supported children.

The charity identified an urgent need to rebuild the severely deteriorated home of Helen, a basket weaver living with her five children. The proposed works include a toilet and rainwater harvesting. This was a future funding commitment rather than a completed 2025 construction project.

Workshop women also took part in a local women's empowerment event where they sold their baskets themselves. They organised rotating weekly social gatherings, strengthening confidence, friendships and mutual support.

Healthcare and crisis assistance

MPF continued to fund government healthcare cover for supported women and children and to follow up individual medical cases requiring additional care. These included children with cleft lip or palate, a child with hydrocephalus, a girl with spina bifida and Mark's prosthesis use and ongoing skin condition. Further medical assessments or procedures were being pursued where needed; their completion should not be inferred from this report.

Fundraising, donations and Christmas assistance

The charity continued to raise funds through UK market sales, sponsorships and donations. Following the death of Brian, a volunteer and friend of MPF, donations were received from his relatives. The charity intended to apply these funds to sponsorship for two or three university or college students who lacked sponsors.

Three schoolteachers visited Muhoroni as volunteers in October and committed to fundraising after their visit. They expressed a preference for funds raised to support an additional 3-bedroom home at the assisted living project in 2026.

A social-media appeal raised funds towards Christmas food parcels at £5 per parcel. MPF purchased and distributed over 650 parcels of staple food items such as sugar, flour, cooking oil, sugar and beans to vulnerable households in Muhoroni. Demand substantially exceeded the number available. Christmas gifts of food and toiletries were also purchased for basket weavers and sponsored students.

Local management and oversight

The charity continued to work with three regular local contractors: Nick (Workshop and Project Manager), Pamela (Workshop Supervisor) and Evans (Tutor). Job descriptions and payment scales were reviewed in response to additional duties and cost-of-living pressures. Proposed increases included approximately KES 3,000 annually per contractor and KES 500 monthly towards mobile data; implementation and amounts paid should be checked against the accounts.

Plans for future periods

Priorities identified for 2026 included seeking further education sponsors and distributing the remaining donated laptops; raising funds for an additional assisted living home and for Helen's house; expanding UK sales and Kenyan direct-customer relationships; improving leatherworking equipment; and developing further sewing and craft products. Further education child sponsorship for those most vulnerable continues to be our priority.

Muhoroni needs a VTC - we intend to erect an initial 2 classrooms in 2026 for the start of a local college which will be managed by the local Education authority for Muhoroni. The charity also proposed a greetings-card project with Kinni, an art and design student supported by MPF, using her original African-themed artwork. MPF intended to supply materials, pay for each card produced and explore sales at markets, through church contacts and on social media. UK commercial printing quotations had proved too expensive at the time of planning.

Financial review

Reserves policy

It is the policy of the Charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the Charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is registered with the Charity Commission registration number 1206194 and is constituted as a Charitable Incorporated Organisation.

The constitution states that the charity should be governed by a body of trustees of no less than 3 for a term of three years by a resolution passed at a properly convened meeting of the charity trustees. There is no maximum number of charity trustees that may be appointed to the charity.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

MA McCaughey
CH E Meyer
JE Jones

The Trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Maxine McCaughey (Nov 6, 2026 16:11:04 GMT)

.....

MA McCaughey

Trustee

Date: 06/11/2026 .....

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the Charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Muhoroni People Foundation (the Charity) for the year ended 31 December 2025.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the Charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

I report in respect of my examination of the Charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the Charities Act 2011.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the Charity as required by section 130 of the Charities Act 2011.

2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or

3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of financial statements set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the financial statements give a true and fair view, which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Stephen Malkin

Stephen Malkin (Nov 8, 2026 19:01:53 GMT)

Whitings LLP
Stephen Malkin ACA
Chartered Accountant
Norfolk House
Hamlin Way
Hardwick Narrows Industrial Estate
King's Lynn
Norfolk
PE30 4NG

Date: 08/11/2026.....

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Income from:					
Donations and legacies	**3**	77,981	77,981	124,861	124,861
Charitable activities	**4**	36,166	36,166	37,889	37,889
Investments	**5**	902	902	68	68
Total income		115,049	115,049	162,818	162,818
Expenditure on:					
Charitable activities	**6**	61,553	61,553	57,955	57,955
Total expenditure		61,553	61,553	57,955	57,955
Net income		53,496	53,496	104,863	104,863
Other recognised gains and losses:					
Other gains	**9**	2,105	2,105	-	-
Net movement in funds		55,601	55,601	104,863	104,863
Reconciliation of funds:					
Fund balances at 1 January 2025		104,863	104,863	-	-
Fund balances at 31 December 2025		160,464	160,464	104,863	104,863

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

MUHORONI PEOPLE FOUNDATION

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	**10**		67,320		67,650
Current assets					
Debtors	**11**	4,669		1,690	
Cash at bank and in hand		89,759		43,298	
		94,428		44,988	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	**12**	(1,284)		(7,775)	
Net current assets			93,144		37,213
Total assets less current liabilities			160,464		104,863
The funds of the Charity					
Unrestricted funds	**13**		160,464		104,863
			160,464		104,863

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on 06/11/2026

Maxine McCaughey (Nov 6, 2026 16:11:04 GMT)

MA McCaughey

Trustee

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Muhoroni People Foundation is constituted as a Charitable Incorporated Organisation within the UK and is registered with the Charity Commission, charity number 1206194. The registered address is Border House, Border Lane, Fordham, Downham Market, Norfolk, PE38 0LW

1.1 Reporting period

FRS 102 3.10 An entity shall present a complete set of financial statements (including comparative information as set out in paragraph 3.14) at least annually. When the end of an entity's reporting period changes and the annual financial statements are presented for a period longer or shorter than one year, the entity shall disclose the following: (a) that fact; (b) the reason for using a longer or shorter period; and (c) the fact that comparative amounts presented in the financial statements (including the related notes) are not entirely comparable.

1.2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)". The Charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.4 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the Charity.

1.5 Income

Income is recognised when the Charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

1 Accounting policies **(Continued)**

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the Charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the Charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

1.6 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold land and buildings	Not Depreciated
Fixtures and fittings	20% Reducing Balance
Computers	20% Reducing Balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the Charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1 Accounting policies **(Continued)**

1.10 Financial instruments

The Charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Charity's balance sheet when the Charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the Charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Donations and gifts	77,981	77,981	124,861	124,861

4 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Income				
Basket Sales	31,181	31,181	17,853	17,853
Fundraising	4,985	4,985	20,036	20,036
	36,166	36,166	37,889	37,889

5 Income from investments

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Interest receivable	902	902	68	68

6 Expenditure on charitable activities

	2025	2024
	£	£
Direct costs		
Activity general fees	17,171	1,569
Postage, stationery and advertising	1,147	1,450
Craft material	2,578	1,640
Insurance	99	89
Venue hire	600	4,437
Small equipment	1,961	1,613
Stall fees	15,146	22,813
Repairs and maintenance	1,582	9,629
Transfers to Kenya	8,064	1,406
Export and transport	2,456	3,503
Medical Expenses	3,944	2,086
Equipment	521	59
Sundry	256	5,715
Depreciation	605	746
Wages	4,139	-
	60,269	56,755
Share of support and governance costs (see note 7)		
Governance	1,284	1,200
	61,553	57,955
Analysis by fund		
Unrestricted funds	61,553	57,955

7 Support costs allocated to activities

	2025	2024
	£	£
Governance costs	1,284	1,200
Analysed between:		
Independent examiner's fees	1,284	1,200

8 Taxation

As a charity, Muhoroni People Foundation is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within part 10 of the Income Taxes Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects. No tax charges have arisen in the charity.

9 Other gains and losses

	Unrestricted funds 2025	Unrestricted funds 2024
Gains/(losses) upon:	£	£
Foreign exchange	(2,105)	-

10 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 January 2025	65,911	1,215	1,270	68,396
Additions	-	275	-	275
At 31 December 2025	65,911	1,490	1,270	68,671
Depreciation and impairment				
At 1 January 2025	-	365	381	746
Depreciation charged in the year	-	338	267	605
At 31 December 2025	-	703	648	1,351
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2025	65,911	787	622	67,320
At 31 December 2024	65,911	850	889	67,650

11 Debtors

	2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	4,537	1,690
Other debtors	132	-
	4,669	1,690

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Other creditors	-	6,575
Accruals and deferred income	1,284	1,200
	1,284	7,775

13 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 January 2025	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Gains and losses	At 31 December 2025
	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	104,863	115,049	(61,553)	2,105	160,464

Previous period:	At 1 January 2024	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Gains and losses	At 31 December 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	-	162,818	(57,955)	-	104,863

14 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2025
	£
At 31 December 2025:	
Tangible assets	67,320
Current assets/(liabilities)	93,144
	160,464

	Unrestricted funds 2024
	£
At 31 December 2024:	
Tangible assets	67,650
Current assets/(liabilities)	37,213
	104,863

15 Related party transactions

Included within creditors amounts falling due within one year is an amount loaned to the charity by M A McCaughey, a trustee, of £nil (2024 - £6,574).

Muhoroni Peoples Foundation - Accounts - 2025

Final Audit Report 2026-11-08

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