

**Charity Registration No. 1002267**

**SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST  
TRUSTEES' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

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# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## TRUSTEES' REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The accounts comply with the Charities Act 2011, the charity's Trust Deed and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2015).

#### Our purposes and activities

The trust exists for such charitable objects as directed by the settlor or as the trustees shall from time to time determine.

The Charity's principal activity continues to be to generate investment income in order to provide grants to various charities in accordance with the trustees' wishes.

In shaping the objectives for the year and planning its activities, the trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit, including the guidance 'Public Benefit: Running A Charity (PB2)'.

#### Achievements and Performance (including Financial Review)

Income for the year was £584,645 (2020: £461,269). In 2021, the Trust made grants totalling £525,500 (2020: £371,500).

The overall surplus for the year was £8,486,693 (2020: deficit of £3,734,234) after accounting for unrealised gains on investments of £8,432,459 (2020: unrealised losses of £3,819,282). Unrealised gains are not cash items and solely reflect the movement of the investments with regard to the value of the investments at the year end.

Total funds carried forward total £15,490,065 (2020: £7,003,372) which are all unrestricted funds.

Under paragraph 5.2 of the trust deed the trustees have power to retain shares in John Swire and Sons Limited and are not under any duty to diversify to the extent that the trust fund comprises those shares. The shares are in the names of trustees K J Bruce-Smith and A J Scott who hold them as custodian trustees.

However, the trustees have also noted the statutory duty of care required by the Trustee Act 2000, in relation to their holding suitable investments and the need for diversification of investments so far as is appropriate to the circumstances of the trust.

The trustees' overall investment objective is to achieve a level of investment income growth which at least matches the rate of inflation, while protecting the value of the charity's capital in real terms.

Where investments have been donated to the charity, the trustees also consider whether a disposal of such investments could discourage similar donations in the future.

The trustees recognise that particular investment risks arise from lack of diversification where substantial holdings in unquoted companies are donated to the charity and retained. The trustees seek to mitigate the risks through the regular monitoring of such investments on receipt of published financial information. The charity does not operate an "ethical investment policy".

#### Reference and administrative details

Charity number: 1002267  
Principal office: c/o Sinclair Gibson, 3 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, WC2A 3AA

#### Our advisers

Auditors	TC Group	The Courtyard, Shoreham Road, Upper Beeding, West Sussex, BN44 3TN
Bankers	C Hoare & Co	37 Fleet Street, London, EC4Y 4DQ
Solicitors	Sinclair Gibson	3 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, WC2A 3AA

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### Structure, Governance and Management

#### Trustees

The trustees serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

A J Scott  
K J Bruce-Smith  
N H C Wills  
J L Gibson

#### Governing Document

The trust was established by a charitable trust deed on 19 July 1990. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission.

#### Appointment of trustees

Trustees are appointed by existing trustees when it is thought necessary to do so. Training is provided by existing trustees.

#### Risk management

The major risks to which the trust may be exposed, as identified by the trustees, have been reviewed to confirm that systems, where appropriate, exist to manage those risks. The trustees recognise that the majority of the trust's investments are shares in a private company that were settled upon the trustees with the power contained in the Deed to retain and not to diversify those shares.

#### Grant making policy

Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust look to support charities operating in the following areas:

- a. Physical or mental handicaps through accidents of birth, injury, wounds, illness old age etc.
- b. Adventurous challenge for the young
- c. Wildlife conservancy

#### Reserves policy

The charity look to hold reserves in order to provide a sufficient capital base to generate income to cover administrative expenditure and grants payable as documented in the trust deed. The charity held reserves of £15,490,065 at the balance sheet date (2020: £7,003,372) which is considered in line with the set policy.

#### Future plans

Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust will continue to seek opportunities to assist beneficiaries with grants to support the charity's aims and objectives.

#### Statement as to disclosure to our auditors

In so far as the trustees are aware at the time of approving our trustees' annual report:

- there is no relevant information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing their report, of which the auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees, having made enquiries of fellow trustees and the auditor that they ought to have individually taken, have each taken steps that they are obliged to take as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

By order of the board of trustees



K J Bruce-Smith (Trustee)

Dated: .....

12 October 2022

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

The charity trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Charity law requires the trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the charity's financial activities during the year and of its financial position at the end of the year.

In preparing accounts giving a true and fair view, the trustees should follow best practice and:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards and statements of recommended practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the charity and which enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the applicable law. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust (the 'charitable trust') for the year ended 31 December 2021. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

#### **Other information**

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### **Responsibilities of trustees**

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### TO THE TRUSTEES OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

#### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

The objectives of our audit, in respect to fraud, are: to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud; to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses; and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and its management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;
- We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR); fraud and bribery and corruption. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in our response being identified as a key audit matter.
- We considered the legal and regulatory frameworks directly applicable to the financial statements reporting framework (FRS 102 and the Charities Act 2011) and the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK;
- We considered the nature of the industry, the control environment and business performance, including the key drivers for management's remuneration;
- We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit;  
We considered the procedures and controls that the charity has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud; and how senior management monitors those programmes and controls.

Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Where the risk was considered to be higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk. These procedures included: testing manual journals; reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation; performing analytical procedures; and enquiring of management, and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance>

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to him in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**Mr Mark Cummins FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

**For and on behalf of TC Group**

**Statutory Auditor**

**Office: Steyning, West Sussex**

Dated: .....

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Income from:</b>			
Investment income	4	584,645	461,269
<b>Total income</b>		<u>584,645</u>	<u>461,269</u>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>			
Charitable activities		530,411	376,221
<b>Total expenditure</b>	5	<u>530,411</u>	<u>376,221</u>
<b>Net movement in funds before gains / (losses) on investments</b>		54,234	85,048
Net gains/(losses) on investments	8	8,432,459	(3,819,282)
<b>Net movement in funds</b>		<u>8,486,693</u>	<u>(3,734,234)</u>
<b>Reconciliation of funds</b>			
Total funds brought forward		7,003,372	10,737,606
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<u><u>15,490,065</u></u>	<u><u>7,003,372</u></u>

All income, expenditure and investment movements are unrestricted for both years.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021		2020	
		£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Investments	8	15,229,581		6,797,122	
<b>Current assets</b>					
Cash at bank and in hand		354,617		211,137	
		<u>354,617</u>		<u>211,137</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>					
	9	(94,133)		(4,887)	
<b>Net current assets</b>			260,484		206,250
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>15,490,065</u>		<u>7,003,372</u>
<b>The funds of the charity</b>					
Unrestricted income funds			15,490,065		7,003,372
			<u>15,490,065</u>		<u>7,003,372</u>

The accounts were approved by the Trustees on ..... 12 October 2022

.....  
K J Bruce-Smith

Trustee

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1 Legal Status

The Trust is an unincorporated charity registered in England and Wales Number 1002267. Its principal office is shown in the trustee report.

#### 2 Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (Charities SORP (FRS102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

The Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy note(s). There are no material uncertainties about Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

##### 2.2 Income

Investment income is accounted for when receivable.

##### 2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis with the irrecoverable element of VAT included with the item of expense to which it relates.

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. Grants payable are charged in the year when the commitment is made by the trustees to make the donation.

Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity and include audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity. These are included within support costs.

All costs are allocated between expenditure categories of the SOFA on a basis designed to reflect the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly, others are apportioned based on estimated usage as a proportion of directly attributable expenditure.

##### 2.4 Fund accounting

Funds held by the Trust are Unrestricted general funds. These are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the trustees.

##### 2.5 Investments

Investments are included at fair value at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss on revaluation is taken to the Statement of Financial Activities.

##### 2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discounts offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments. The Trustees seek to use short term deposits where possible to maximise the return on monies held at the bank and to manage cash flow.

### 2.8 Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably.

### 2.9 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

The trustees do not consider that there are any critical estimates or areas of judgement that need to be brought to the attention of the readers of the financial statements.

## 3 Taxation

The charitable company is registered as a charity and all of its income falls within the exemptions under Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

## 4 Investment income

	2021	2020
	£	£
Dividends from unlisted investments	584,645	461,269
	<u>584,645</u>	<u>461,269</u>

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 5 Total expenditure

	Admin costs £	Other costs £	Grant funding £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
<b>Charitable activities</b>					
Grants payable	-	-	525,500	<b>525,500</b>	371,500
Support costs	465	4,446	-	<b>4,911</b>	4,721
	<b>465</b>	<b>4,446</b>	<b>525,500</b>	<b>530,411</b>	376,221

A schedule of grants made during the year is given in appendix 2.

Grants were paid to 92 institutions during the year (2020: 81 institutions).

### Analysis of support costs (including Governance costs)

	2021 £	2020 £
Administrative expenses	<b>465</b>	641
Governance costs:		
Audit and accountancy	<b>4,446</b>	4,080
	<b>4,911</b>	4,721

Governance costs includes £4,446 (2020: £4,080) of audit fees.

### 6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) were reimbursed expenses or received any remuneration during the year.

### 7 Employees

There were no employees during the year (2020: none).

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 8 Fixed asset investments

	£
Fair value at 1 January 2021	6,797,122
Unrealised gains	8,432,459
<b>Fair value at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>15,229,581</b>
Historical cost:	
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>3,938,275</b>
At 31 December 2020	3,938,275

The investments are held in the names of K J Bruce-Smith and A J Scott as custodian trustees.

The gain on investments of £8,432,459 (2020: loss of £3,819,282) as shown in the Statement of Financial Activities comprises unrealised gains on investments held at the year end.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Accruals	94,133	4,887
	<b>94,133</b>	<b>4,887</b>

### 10 Related parties

No one party has overall control of the Trust.

There were no related party transactions during the year.

**Charity Registration No. 1002267**

**SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST  
TRUSTEES' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

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In shaping the objectives for the year and planning its activities, the trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit, including the guidance 'Public Benefit: Running A Charity (PB2)'.

#### Achievements and Performance (including Financial Review)

Income for the year was £584,645 (2020: £461,269). In 2021, the Trust made grants totalling £525,500 (2020: £371,500).

The overall surplus for the year was £8,486,693 (2020: deficit of £3,734,234) after accounting for unrealised gains on investments of £8,432,459 (2020: unrealised losses of £3,819,282). Unrealised gains are not cash items and solely reflect the movement of the investments with regard to the value of the investments at the year end.

Total funds carried forward total £15,490,065 (2020: £7,003,372) which are all unrestricted funds.

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However, the trustees have also noted the statutory duty of care required by the Trustee Act 2000, in relation to their holding suitable investments and the need for diversification of investments so far as is appropriate to the circumstances of the trust.

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Where investments have been donated to the charity, the trustees also consider whether a disposal of such investments could discourage similar donations in the future.

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#### Our advisers

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Bankers	C Hoare & Co	37 Fleet Street, London, EC4Y 4DQ
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# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### Structure, Governance and Management

#### Trustees

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A J Scott  
K J Bruce-Smith  
N H C Wills  
J L Gibson

#### Governing Document

The trust was established by a charitable trust deed on 19 July 1990. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission.

#### Appointment of trustees

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#### Grant making policy

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- a. Physical or mental handicaps through accidents of birth, injury, wounds, illness old age etc.
- b. Adventurous challenge for the young
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#### Reserves policy

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#### Future plans

Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust will continue to seek opportunities to assist beneficiaries with grants to support the charity's aims and objectives.

#### Statement as to disclosure to our auditors

In so far as the trustees are aware at the time of approving our trustees' annual report:

- there is no relevant information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing their report, of which the auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees, having made enquiries of fellow trustees and the auditor that they ought to have individually taken, have each taken steps that they are obliged to take as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

By order of the board of trustees



K J Bruce-Smith (Trustee)

Dated: .....

12 October 2022

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

The charity trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Charity law requires the trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the charity's financial activities during the year and of its financial position at the end of the year.

In preparing accounts giving a true and fair view, the trustees should follow best practice and:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
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- state whether applicable accounting standards and statements of recommended practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the charity and which enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the applicable law. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust (the 'charitable trust') for the year ended 31 December 2021. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

#### **Other information**

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### **Responsibilities of trustees**

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### TO THE TRUSTEES OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

#### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

The objectives of our audit, in respect to fraud, are: to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud; to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses; and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and its management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;
- We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR); fraud and bribery and corruption. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in our response being identified as a key audit matter.
- We considered the legal and regulatory frameworks directly applicable to the financial statements reporting framework (FRS 102 and the Charities Act 2011) and the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK;
- We considered the nature of the industry, the control environment and business performance, including the key drivers for management's remuneration;
- We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit;  
We considered the procedures and controls that the charity has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud; and how senior management monitors those programmes and controls.

Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Where the risk was considered to be higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk. These procedures included: testing manual journals; reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation; performing analytical procedures; and enquiring of management, and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance>

# **SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE TRUSTEES' OF SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST**

#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to him in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**Mr Mark Cummins FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

**For and on behalf of TC Group**

**Statutory Auditor**

**Office: Steyning, West Sussex**

Dated: .....

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Income from:</b>			
Investment income	4	584,645	461,269
<b>Total income</b>		<u>584,645</u>	<u>461,269</u>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>			
Charitable activities		530,411	376,221
<b>Total expenditure</b>	5	<u>530,411</u>	<u>376,221</u>
<b>Net movement in funds before gains / (losses) on investments</b>		54,234	85,048
Net gains/(losses) on investments	8	8,432,459	(3,819,282)
<b>Net movement in funds</b>		<u>8,486,693</u>	<u>(3,734,234)</u>
<b>Reconciliation of funds</b>			
Total funds brought forward		7,003,372	10,737,606
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<u><u>15,490,065</u></u>	<u><u>7,003,372</u></u>

All income, expenditure and investment movements are unrestricted for both years.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021		2020	
		£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Investments	8	15,229,581		6,797,122	
<b>Current assets</b>					
Cash at bank and in hand		354,617		211,137	
		<u>354,617</u>		<u>211,137</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>					
	9	(94,133)		(4,887)	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>260,484</u>		<u>206,250</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>15,490,065</u>		<u>7,003,372</u>
<b>The funds of the charity</b>					
Unrestricted income funds		15,490,065		7,003,372	
		<u>15,490,065</u>		<u>7,003,372</u>	

The accounts were approved by the Trustees on ..... 12 October 2022

.....  
K J Bruce-Smith

Trustee

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1 Legal Status

The Trust is an unincorporated charity registered in England and Wales Number 1002267. Its principal office is shown in the trustee report.

#### 2 Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (Charities SORP (FRS102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

The Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy note(s). There are no material uncertainties about Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

##### 2.2 Income

Investment income is accounted for when receivable.

##### 2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis with the irrecoverable element of VAT included with the item of expense to which it relates.

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. Grants payable are charged in the year when the commitment is made by the trustees to make the donation.

Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity and include audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity. These are included within support costs.

All costs are allocated between expenditure categories of the SOFA on a basis designed to reflect the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly, others are apportioned based on estimated usage as a proportion of directly attributable expenditure.

##### 2.4 Fund accounting

Funds held by the Trust are Unrestricted general funds. These are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the trustees.

##### 2.5 Investments

Investments are included at fair value at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss on revaluation is taken to the Statement of Financial Activities.

##### 2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discounts offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments. The Trustees seek to use short term deposits where possible to maximise the return on monies held at the bank and to manage cash flow.

### 2.8 Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably.

### 2.9 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

The trustees do not consider that there are any critical estimates or areas of judgement that need to be brought to the attention of the readers of the financial statements.

## 3 Taxation

The charitable company is registered as a charity and all of its income falls within the exemptions under Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

## 4 Investment income

	2021	2020
	£	£
Dividends from unlisted investments	584,645	461,269
	<u>584,645</u>	<u>461,269</u>

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 5 Total expenditure

	Admin costs £	Other costs £	Grant funding £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
<b>Charitable activities</b>					
Grants payable	-	-	525,500	<b>525,500</b>	371,500
Support costs	465	4,446	-	<b>4,911</b>	4,721
	<b>465</b>	<b>4,446</b>	<b>525,500</b>	<b>530,411</b>	376,221

A schedule of grants made during the year is given in appendix 2.

Grants were paid to 92 institutions during the year (2020: 81 institutions).

### Analysis of support costs (including Governance costs)

	2021 £	2020 £
Administrative expenses	<b>465</b>	641
Governance costs:		
Audit and accountancy	<b>4,446</b>	4,080
	<b>4,911</b>	4,721

Governance costs includes £4,446 (2020: £4,080) of audit fees.

### 6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) were reimbursed expenses or received any remuneration during the year.

### 7 Employees

There were no employees during the year (2020: none).

# SCOTT (EREDINE) CHARITABLE TRUST

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 8 Fixed asset investments

	£
Fair value at 1 January 2021	6,797,122
Unrealised gains	8,432,459
<b>Fair value at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>15,229,581</b>
Historical cost:	
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>3,938,275</b>
At 31 December 2020	3,938,275

The investments are held in the names of K J Bruce-Smith and A J Scott as custodian trustees.

The gain on investments of £8,432,459 (2020: loss of £3,819,282) as shown in the Statement of Financial Activities comprises unrealised gains on investments held at the year end.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Accruals	94,133	4,887
	<b>94,133</b>	<b>4,887</b>

### 10 Related parties

No one party has overall control of the Trust.

There were no related party transactions during the year.

tc accounts · tax · legal · financial planning



Audit Findings Report  
Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust  
For the year ended 31 December 2021  
Presented to Trustees and Management

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Your contacts in connection with this report are:

Mark Cummins – Charities & Education Partner  
markcummins@TC-Group.com

# 1. Introduction and Coverage

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## **PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT**

The purpose of this report is to set out certain matters that came to our attention during the course of the audit of Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust for the year ended 31 December 2021. In order to comply with the provisions of International Standards on Auditing we are required to report to you our audit findings and in particular:

- The nature and scope of the audit work we have undertaken;
- Views about the qualitative aspects of your accounting practices and financial reporting;
- Unadjusted and adjusted misstatements;
- Matters specifically required by Auditing Standards to be communicated to those charged with governance (such as fraud and error);
- Expected modifications to our auditor's report;
- Material weaknesses in the accounting and internal control systems; and
- Any other relevant and material matters relating to the audit.

## **LIMITATIONS**

Our audit procedures, which have been designed to enable us to express an opinion on the financial statements, have included an examination of the transactions and the controls thereon of the charity. The work that we have done was not primarily directed towards identifying weaknesses in the charity's accounting systems other than those that would affect our audit opinion, nor to the detection of fraud.

We have included in this report only those matters that have come to our attention as a result of our normal audit procedures and, consequently, our comments should not be regarded as a comprehensive record of all weaknesses that may exist or improvements that could be made.

To a certain extent the content of this paper comprises general information that has been provided by, or is based on discussions with, management and staff. Except to the extent necessary for the purposes of the audit, this information has not been independently verified. This report is to be regarded as confidential to the Trustees and is intended for use by them and staff of the charity only. No responsibility is accepted to any other person in respect of the whole or part of its contents. Before this report, or any part of it, is disclosed to a third party our consent must be obtained.

## **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and Financial Statements. TC Group, as auditor of Scott (Eredine) Charitable Trust, is responsible for forming an opinion on the Financial Statements. This report is to be regarded as confidential to the Trustees and is intended for use by them and staff of the charity only. No responsibility is accepted to any other person in respect of the whole or part its contents. Before this report, or any part of it, is disclosed to a third party our consent must be obtained.

## 2. Independence

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Auditing Standards require us to communicate at least once a year regarding all relationships between TC Group and the charity that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on our independence.

We have reviewed our independence and confirm that TC Group is independent within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements. In particular the objectivity of our partner, Jonathan Aikens, and his audit team is not impaired.

Our review included consideration of whether:

- The firm is dependent on the charity as a client due to the significance of the audit fee to the firm;
- The firm is owed significant overdue fees;
- There is any actual or threatened litigation between the firm and the charity;
- Any benefits have been received by the audit team which are not modest;
- The firm has any mutual business interest with the charity;
- Any members of the audit team have any personal or family; connections with the charity or trustees; or
- Independence is impaired through the provision of services other than the statutory audit.

As part of our evaluation of the firm's independence and objectivity in connection with the audit we have not identified any factors which could potentially affect our independence or objectivity, for which we would be required to apply appropriate safeguards.

# 3. Audit Status

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## **SCOPE**

As auditors of the charity for the year ended 31 December 2021 we are responsible for reporting on the financial statements of the charity.

## **PROGRESS**

We would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your support and assistance during the audit.

The audit work on the financial statements is now substantially complete and we anticipate issuing an unqualified audit opinion for the year ended 31 December 2021 for the charity, following:

- Receipt of approved financial statements signed by the Board; and
- Receipt of a signed letter of representation.

There are no matters arising from our audit that we wish to bring to your attention.

## **AUDIT MISSTATEMENTS**

As part of the requirements of International Auditing Standards on Auditing we are required to report any adjusted audit misstatements arising from our work.

We are also required to report any unadjusted audit misstatements and why they are unadjusted, other than those that are “clearly trivial”. Again there are none to report.

## **RISK OF FRAUD AND ERROR IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We are required under International Auditing Standards to consider fraud risk throughout the audit. In particular we must consider management arrangements for preventing and detecting fraud and error.

Fraud risks may include asset sales at under value, suppliers over billing for goods or services, misappropriation of assets and cheque frauds, as well as manipulation of financial results.

This work is now complete and has not identified any matters which we wish to draw to your attention.

# 4. Audit Findings

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## QUALITATIVE ASPECTS OF ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

We are required to focus on the identification and assessment of the risks of material misstatement associated with related party relationships and transactions.

We are required as an audit team to discuss the risks of fraud associated with related parties and to perform specific procedures on any related party transactions outside the normal course of business.

The related party transactions have been listed in the letter of representation.

### ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

As auditors, we are aware that the selected basis of an accounting estimate may have a significant impact on the financial statements so in our work we need to identify all accounting estimates and the basis of the estimate and, where we consider there to be a high estimation uncertainty, we must ensure our audit work challenges the basis of the estimate.

We are also required to consider the outcome of accounting estimates in prior periods as a basis for our risk assessment in the current year.

The most significant accounting estimates concern depreciation of fixed assets, classification of funds, cost allocation, and the basis and calculation of the provision for bad and doubtful debts.

We have reviewed these accounting estimates for the charity and conclude that they have been calculated on a basis that is consistent with our knowledge of the charity and the sector as a whole.

### GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the committees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the committee have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the club's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

## ACCOUNTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

We have no recommendations to make from work completed on this year's audit.

# 5. Audit Misstatements

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A summary of the unadjusted/adjusted misstatements identified during the course of our work is set out below.

We have not disclosed below those items that we consider to be 'clearly trivial' in the context of our audit. For this purpose we consider 'clearly trivial' to be any unadjusted matter less than £29,000.

There are no adjusted or unadjusted misstatements to report.

# Letter of Representation

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TC Group  
The Courtyard  
Shoreham Road  
Upper Beeding  
Steyning  
West Sussex  
BN44 3TN

Dear Sirs

The following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience such as we consider necessary in connection with your audit of the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. These enquiries have included inspection of supporting documentation, where appropriate, and are sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can make each of the following representations. All representations are made to the best of our knowledge and belief.

1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities as trustees under the Charities Act 2011 for preparing financial statements, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework of the Charities SORP and FRS 102, and for making accurate representations to you as auditors.

We confirm that in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view and in particular that where any additional information must be disclosed in order to give a true and fair view that information has in fact been disclosed.
2. We confirm that all accounting records have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit, in accordance with your terms of engagement, and that all transactions undertaken by the charity have been properly reflected and recorded in the accounting records. All other records and related information, including minutes of all management and trustees' meetings, have been made available to you. We have given you unrestricted access to persons within the charity in order to obtain audit evidence and have provided any additional information that you have requested for the purposes of your audit.
3. The methods, data and significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, and their related disclosures, are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is reasonable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.
4. We confirm that all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements have been disclosed to the auditor and accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework of the Charities SORP and FRS 102.
5. We confirm that there have been no events since the balance sheet date which require disclosing or which would materially affect the amounts in the financial statements, other than those already disclosed or included in the financial statements.

# Letter of Representation

6. We can confirm that we are aware that a related party of the charity is a person or organisation which either (directly or indirectly) controls, has joint control of, or significantly influences the charity or vice versa and, as a result, will include shareholders (as a guide, more than 20% of the voting rights), trustees, other key management, close family and other business interests of the previous. We confirm that the related party relationships and transactions set out below are a complete list of such relationships and transactions and that we are not aware of any further related parties or transactions.

Party	Relationship	Nature of transaction
A J Scott	Trustee	Custodian trustee of John Swire shares. Able to allocate 5% of gross income discretionally to charities of choice so long as not hostile to Armed Forces or Field Sports. No transactions to disclose
K J Bruce-Smith	Trustee	Custodian trustee of John Swire shares. Trustee of The Newton Charitable Trust. Trustee of Princes Louise's Kensington Regimental Association Charitable Trust. No transactions to disclose.
N H C Wills	Trustee	Donation in year of £4,000. Not disclosed as not material to either party.
J L Gibson	Trustee	Trustee of Drue Heinz Charitable Trust. No transactions to disclose.

7. We confirm that all related party relationships and transactions have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework of the Charities SORP and FRS 102.
8. We confirm that the charity has had, at no time during the year, any arrangement, transaction or agreement to provide credit facilities (including advances and credits granted by the charity) for trustees, nor to provide guarantees of any kind on behalf of the trustees.
9. We confirm that the charity has not contracted for any capital expenditure other than as disclosed in the financial statements.
10. We confirm that we are not aware of any possible or actual instance of non-compliance with those laws and regulations which provide a legal framework within which the charity conducts its business and which are central to the charity's ability to conduct its business.
11. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design and implementation of controls to prevent and detect fraud. We confirm that we have disclosed to you the results of our risk assessment of the risk of fraud in the business.

# Letter of Representation

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12. We confirm that there have been no actual or suspected instances of fraud involving management or employees who have a significant role in internal control of that could have a material effect on the financial statements. We also confirm that we are not aware of any allegations of fraud by former employees, regulators or others.
  
13. We believe that the company's financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the company's needs. We also confirm our plans for future action required to enable the company to continue as a going concern are feasible. We have considered a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We believe that no further disclosures relating to the company's ability to continue as a going concern need to be made in the financial statements.
  
14. We confirm that in our opinion the effects of unadjusted misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole.
  
15. The charity has satisfactory title to all assets and there are no liens or encumbrances on the charity's assets, except for those disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
  
16. All grants, donations and other income, the receipt of which is subject to specific terms or conditions, have been notified to you. There have been no breaches of terms or conditions in the application of such income.
  
17. We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditors and confirm that:
  - so far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which you as auditors are unaware; and
  - each trustee has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

We confirm that the above representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and expertise (and, where appropriate of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can properly make these representations to you and that to the best of our knowledge and belief they accurately reflect the representations made to you by the trustees during the course of your audit.

Yours faithfully

Signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Date 3 October 2022  
Trustee [Signature]